

## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

**Title: Protein Separation and Identification using Automated Western**

**SOP#: M-134**

**Version #: 1**

**Author: R. Roberts/ R. Saul**

**Date Approved: September 19, 2019 Date Modified:**

### 1. PURPOSE

This procedure is to be used for protein separation and identification under automated conditions by incorporating Simple Western™ immunoassay technology on the Wes™ instrument by ProteinSimple.

### 2. SCOPE

This document describes the Simple Western™ immunoassay procedure using the Wes™ instrument. The Wes™ instrument allows protein separation by size or charge. Protein identification and quantitation are performed on the Wes™ instrument through total protein and immune detections and standard curve generation, respectively. Protein size separation and immune detection will be described in this SOP.

### 3. RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the responsibility of person(s) performing this procedure to be familiar with lab safety procedures and Compass software for Simple Western™ Assays. All procedural steps are to be followed as written and any deviations, problems and observations during an experiment must be documented. The interpretation of the results must be done by a person trained in the procedure and familiar with such interpretation.

### 4. EQUIPMENT

- Wes™ instrument; ProteinSimple
- Centrifuge with plate adaptor (Eppendorf, Model 5810R, 15amp with swing bucket rotor or equivalent)
- Standard Heat Block Heater (VWR, Catalog #12621-104, Model 949310 or equivalent)

- Vortex

## 5. MATERIALS

- Wes 12-230 kDa Rabbit or Mouse Master Kit w/Split Buffer for 104 data points; ProteinSimple, Cat. # PS-MK16 and PS-MK17, respectively.
- Protein Samples corresponding to the antibodies to be evaluated
- Primary Antibodies to be tested
- Water (molecular biology grade or better)
- 10X Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS); Fisher Scientific, Cat. #BP399-1 (diluted to 1X with water)
- 5 X SignalLOCK™ Blocking Solutions; KPL, Cat. # 50-58-00 (diluted to 1X with water)
- Pipettes and tips
- Micro centrifuge tubes
- Ice and ice bucket

## 6. REAGENTS

### 6.1. For rabbit or mouse monoclonal antibody evaluation

- Protein corresponding to the antibody.
- Primary antibody corresponding to the protein
- Anti-rabbit or anti-mouse secondary antibody; ProteinSimple, Cat. # 042-206 or 042-205, respectively (comes with Master Kit).

## 7. PROCEDURE

### 7.1. Preparation of Standard Pack Reagents

7.1.1. Follow Wes 12-230 kDa Rabbit or Mouse Master Kit w/Split Buffer protocol.

### 7.2. Preparation of Samples (proteins)

7.2.1. Follow Wes 12-230 kDa Rabbit or Mouse Master Kit w/Split Buffer protocol with some modifications as noted below:

- Dilute samples (proteins) in 0.1X Sample Buffer (supplied 10x in kit) for an intermediate stock (IS) concentration of 0.00125 ug/uL.

- Instead of combining 1 part 5X Fluorescent Master Mix with 4 parts protein prep, combine 1 part 5X Fluorescent Master Mix with 5 parts IS protein prep in a micro centrifuge tube (final concentration 0.00104 ug/uL). Mix with gentle pipetting.

**Example:** Add 2 uL 5X Fluorescent Master Mix to 10 uL IS protein prep (5.2 ng/5 uL per microplate well).

- Denature samples (proteins) and biotinylated ladder @ 95°C, 5 min. using the heat block heater. Then vortex, do a quick spin at Room Temperature and store on ice until ready to proceed.

### 7.3. Preparation of Antibodies

7.3.1. Follow Wes 12-230 kDa Rabbit or Mouse Master Kit instructions w/Split Buffer protocol with some modifications noted below:

- Instead of diluting primary antibodies in Antibody Diluent II, dilute primary antibodies in 1X PBS for an IS concentration of 1 ug/mL.
- Then dilute IS 1:5 in 1X SignalOCK™ Blocking Solution (final concentration 0.2 ug/mL).

**Example:** Add 20 uL IS antibody prep to 80 uL 1X SignalOCK™ Blocking Solution (2 ng/10 uL per microplate well).

7.3.2. Secondary antibody is supplied with the kit and is ready to use without dilution.

### 7.4. Preparation of Luminol-S and Peroxide

7.4.1. Follow Wes 12-230 kDa Rabbit or Mouse Master Kit w/Split Buffer protocol.

### 7.5. Microplate Set -Up

7.5.1. Dispense reagents into microplate using the volumes shown in the plate diagram of the Wes 12-230 kDa Rabbit or Mouse

Master Kit w/Split Buffer protocol with some modifications noted below:

- Add 0.1X Sample Buffer into unused row A wells.
- Instead of adding 10 uL Antibody Diluent II into row B wells, add 10 uL Antibody Diluent II into B7 well and add 10 uL 1X SignalLOCK™ Blocking Solution into B8 – B19 wells.

7.5.2. Centrifuge microplate for 5 min, @ 2500 rpm (~1000 x g) at room temperature. Ensure liquid is fully down in all wells.

## **7.6. Starting Wes Assay**

7.6.1. Load Wes-13 Size assay in Compass software on the Wes Instrument with some modifications noted below:

- Change Antibody Diluent Time from 5 min to 30 min.
- Change Detection Profile from 7 Exposures to 8 Exposures (1, 5, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240 and 480 seconds).

7.6.2. Label template with pertinent information such as sample names/concentration, Antibody names/concentration, Ladder name, etc.

7.6.3. Then Open Wes' door and follow Wes 12-230 kDa Rabbit or Mouse Master Kit w/Split Buffer protocol.

## **8. REFERENCED DOCUMENT**

8.1. Operation Manual, Wes™ Instrument

8.2. Operation Manual, Compass Software

8.3. Master Kit protocol, Wes 12-230 kDa Rabbit or Mouse Master Kit w/Split Buffer for 104 data points.