CPTC-JUN-2 (CAB080216)

Uniprot ID: P05412

Protein name: JUN_HUMAN Full name: Transcription factor Jun

Tissue specificity: Expressed in the developing and adult prostate and prostate cancer cells.

Function: Transcription factor that recognizes and binds to the AP-1 consensus motif 5'-TGA[GC]TCA-3' (PubMed:10995748, PubMed:22083952). Heterodimerizes with proteins of the FOS family to form an AP-1 transcription complex, thereby enhancing its DNA binding activity to the AP-1 consensus sequence 5'-TGA[GC]TCA-3' and enhancing its transcriptional activity (By similarity). Together with FOSB, plays a role in activation-induced cell death of T cells by binding to the AP-1 promoter site of FASLG/CD95L, and inducing its transcription in response to activation of the TCR/CD3 signaling pathway (PubMed:12618758). Promotes activity of NR5A1 when phosphorylated by HIPK3 leading to increased steroidogenic gene expression upon cAMP signaling pathway stimulation (PubMed:17210646). Involved in activated KRAS-mediated transcriptional activation of USP28 in colorectal cancer (CRC) cells (PubMed:24623306). Binds to the USP28 promoter in colorectal cancer (CRC) cells (PubMed:24623306).

Subcellular location: Nucleus

Protein existence: Experimental evidence at protein level

Comment:

Immunohistochemistry

Testis	IHC protocol:	HIER pH6, Dilution 1:300
	IHC test staining:	Nuclear positivity in most tissues.
	Literature conformance:	Consistent with extensive gene/protein characterization data
	Literature significance:	
	RNA similarity:	Medium consistency between antibody staining and RNA expression data
	RNA tissue specificity:	Low tissue specificity
	RNA tissue distribution:	Detected in all
	IHC Sibling similarity:	Other antibody shows partly similar IHC staining pattern
	Reliability score:	Supported
	APE summary:	Nuclear expression in several tissues, mostly in a fraction of the cells.
	APE explanatory sentences:	Medium consistency between antibody staining and RNA expression data.
	Orthogonal validation:	No
	Independent validation:	No
		Most normal tissues showed nuclear positivity of varying intensity.
	IHC Annotation summary:	Several cases in most cancers showed nuclear positivity of varying intensity. Strong staining was observed in most cases of lymphomas and gliomas. Testis cancers were mainly negative.